10G CWDM SFP+ Transceiver With Digital Diagnostic Function



Features:

- Single 3.3V Power supply and TTL Logic Interface
- Operating data rate at 10.3 Gb/s
- Hot Pluggable SFP+ MSA package
- Compliant with SFF-8431 and SFF-8432
- Compliant with 802.3ae 10GBASE-LR/ER/ZR
- Duplex LC Connector Interface
- Metal enclosure, for lower EMI
- Operating Case Temperature: 0° C ~+70°C or -40° C ~+85°C
- Class 1 Laser International Safety Standard IEC-60825 compliant

Applications:

- 10GBASE-LR 10G Ethernet
- 10GBASE-ER 10G Ethernet

Product Description

The CWDM SFP+ Series optical transceivers are designed for use in 10G CWDM networks. It's complying with SFF-8431, SFF-8432, and 10-Gigabit Ethernet IEEE802.3ae. This module is designed for single mode fiber and operates at a nominal wavelength of CWDM wavelength. There are 18 center wavelengths available from 1270nm to 1610nm, with each step 20nm. Digital diagnostics are available via 2-wire serial interface as specified in the SFF-8472. The transceiver is RoHS-6 compliant and lead-free per Directive 2002/95/EC.

Ordering information

Part No.*Note1	Data	Laser	Fiber Type	Link Budget	Optical	TEMP	DDMI
	Rate				Interface		
TPC-TG10-XXDCR	10.3G	CWDM DFB	SMF	14.5dB	LC	С	YES
TPC-TG10-XXDIR	10.3G	CWDM DFB	SMF	14.5dB	LC	1	YES
TPC-TG40-XXDCR	10.3G	CWDM EML	SMF	21.5dB	LC	С	YES
		1270~1610nm					ILS
TPC-TG40-XXDIR	10.3G	CWDM EML	SMF	21.5dB	LC	1	YES
		1270~1610nm					TES

Note1: XX refers to CWDM Wavelength range from 1271nm to 1611nm.

Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Standard	Performance
Electrostatic Discharge	MIL-STD-883G	Class 1C (>1000 V)
(ESD) to the	Method 3015.7	
Electrical Pins		
Electrostatic Discharge	EN 55024:1998+A1+A2	Compliant with standards
to the enclosure	IEC-61000-4-2	
	GR-1089-CORE	
Electromagnetic	FCC Part 15 Class B	Compliant with standards Noise
Interference (EMI)	EN55022:2006	frequency range: 30
	CISPR 22B :2006	MHz to 6 GHz. Good system
	VCCI Class B	EMI design practice required to achieve
		Class B margins.
		System margins depend on customer
		host board and chassis design.
Immunity	EN 55024:1998+A1+A2	Compliant with standards.
	IEC 61000-4-3	1kHz sine-wave, 80% AM,
		from 80 MHz to 1 GHz. No effect on
		transmitter/receiver performance is
		detectable between these limits.
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11	CDRH compliant and Class I
	EN (IEC) 60825-1:2007	laser product.
	EN (IEC) 60825-2:2004+A1	TUV Certificate No. R50271605
	EN (IEC) 60950-1:2006+A1+A11+A12	2
Component Recognition	UL and CUL	TUV Certificate No. E344594
	EN60950-1:2006	(CB:JPTUV-053877)
RoHS2.0	20011/65/EU	Compliant with standards

Absolute Maximum Ratings*Note2

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	
Storage Temperature	T _S	-40	+85	°C	
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	0	3.6	V	
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%	

Note2: Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device permanently.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Operating Case Temperature	Tc	0		70	°C	_
Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	3.14	3.3	3.47	V	
Supply Current	lcc			350	mA	

Performance Specifications – Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes			
Transmitter									
CML Inputs(Differential)	Vin	180		1000	mVpp	AC coupled inputs			
Input Impedance (Differential)	Zin		100		ohm	Rin > 100 ohms @DC			
Tx_DISABLE Input Voltage – High		2		Vcc+0.3	V				
Tx_DISABLE Input Voltage – Lo		0		0.8	V				
Tx_FAULT Output Voltage – High		2		Vcc+0.3	V				
Tx_FAULT Output Voltage – Low		0		0.8	V				
		Rece	iver						
CML Outputs (Differential)	Vout	350		700	mVpp	AC coupled outputs			
Output Impedance (Differential)	Zout		100		ohm				
Rx_LOS Output Voltage – High		2			V	OC output, should be			
						pull up with 4.7K – 10 K Ω			
						on the host board			
Rx_LOS Output Voltage – Low		0		0.5	V				
MOD_DEF (0:2)	V _{OH}	2.5			V	With Serial ID			
MOD_DEF (0.2)	V _{OL}	0		0.5	V	with Senair			

I/O Timing for Control & Status Functions Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
TX Disable Assert Time	t_off			100	us
TX_DISABLE Negate Time	t_on			2	ms
Time to initialize, include reset of TX_FAULT	t_init			300	ms
TX Fault Assert Time	t_fault			1	ms
TX Disable to reset	t_reset	10			us
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	us
LOS De-Assert Time	t_loss_off			100	us

Performance Specifications – Optical

(10.3Gbps · 10dB Power budget)

`	<i>y</i> ,							
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note		
Transmitter								
Centre Wavelength	λς	XX-6.5	XX	XX+6.5	nm	XX:Note5		
Spectral Width*Note3	Δλ			1	nm			
Average Output Power	P _{OUT}	-0.5		6	dBm			

Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5		dB	
Side Mode Suppression	SMSR	30		dB	
Ratio					
Average Power of OFF	P _{OFF}		-30	dBm	
Transmitter					
Transmitter and Dispersion	TDP		TDP	dB	波长
Penalty			1		1271
			1		1291
			1		1311
			1		1331
			2		1351
			2		1371
			2. 5		1391
			2. 5		1411
			2. 5		1431
			2. 5		1451
			3		1471
			3		1491
			4		1511
			4		1531
			4		1551
			4		1571
TX Jitter Generation	Tj		0.1	UI	
(Peak-to-Peak)					
TX Jitter Generation (RMS)	Tjrms		0.01	UI	
Output Optical Eye			h IEEE 802.3ae		
		Receiver			
Centre Wavelength	λς	1260	1620	nm	
Sensitivity	P _{IN}		-15	dBm	
Receiver Overload	Overload	0.5		dBm	
Receiver Reflectance			-27	dB	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-28		dBm	
LOS De-Assert	LOSD		-17	dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		0.5	4	dB	

($10.3 Gbps \cdot 40 KM 16 dB Power budget$)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
		Transm	itter			
Centre Wavelength	λс	XX-6.5	XX	XX+6.5	nm	XX:Note6
Spectral Width*Note3	Δλ			1	nm	
Average Output Power	P _{OUT}	-0.5		6	dBm	
Extinction Ratio	ER	8.2			dB	
Side Mode Suppression	SMSR	30			dB	
Ratio						
Average Power of OFF	P _{OFF}			-30	dBm	
Transmitter						

Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty	TDP 3.5 dB						
TX Jitter Generation	Tj	Per 802.3ae	requirements	UI			
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN		-128	dB/Hz			
Output Optical Eye		Compliant with	IEEE 802.3ae				
Receiver							
Centre Wavelength	λς	1260	1620	nm			
Sensitivity*Note4	P _{IN}		-22	dBm			
Receiver Overload	Overload	0.5		dBm			
Receiver Reflectance			-12	dB			
LOS Assert	LOSA	-35		dBm			
LOS De-Assert	LOSD		-24	dBm			
LOS Hysteresis		0.5	4	dB			

Note3: LD measured spectral width -20dB.

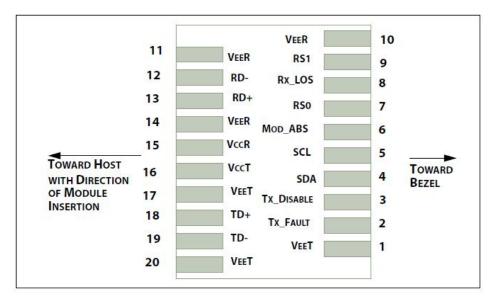
Note4: Minimum average optical power measured at the BER less than 1E-12@pattern is PRBS 2^{31} -1@ER=9dB.

Note5: ITU-T G.694.2 CWDM wavelength from 1470nm to 1610nm, each step 20nm.

Note6: ITU-T G.694.2 CWDM wavelength from 1470nm to 1610nm, each step 20nm.

Note7: ITU-T G.694.2 CWDM wavelength from 1470nm to 1610nm, each step 20nm.

SFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout



Pin Function Definitions:

Pin Num.	Name	Function	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	Note 11
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 7
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 8, Module disables on high or open.
4	SDA	Module Definition 2	3	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line.
5	SCL	Module Definition 1	3	2-wire Serial Interface Clock.
6	MOD-ABS	Module Definition 0	3	Note 9
7	RS0	RX Rate Select (LVTTL).	3	Rate Select 0, optionally controls SFP+
				module receiver. This pin is pulled low to
				VeeT with a >30K resistor

8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 10
9	RS1	TX Rate Select (LVTTL).	1	Rate Select 1, optionally controls SFP+
				module transmitter. This pin is pulled low
				to VeeT with a >30K resistor
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	Note 11
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	Note 11
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 12
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 13
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	Note 11
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	3.3V ± 5%, Note 13
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	2	3.3V ± 5%, Note 13
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	Note 11
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 14
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 14
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	Note 11

Note7: TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K – 10K_ resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT/R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

Note8: TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7K - 10 K_{\rm resistor}$. Its states are: Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined. High (2.0 - 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled. Open: Transmitter Disabled.

Note9: Module Absent, connected to VeeT or VeeR in the module.

Note10: LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7K-10K_{\rm resistor}$. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT/R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

Note11: The module signal ground contacts, VeeR and VeeT, should be isolated from the module case.

Note12: RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100_ differential lines which should be terminated with 100_ (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.

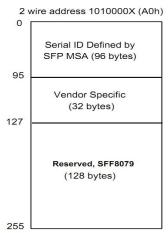
Note13: VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as $3.3V \pm 5\%$ at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.

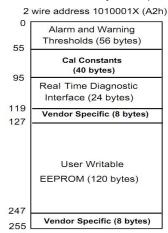
Note14: TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100_ differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.

Digital Diagnostic Functions:

- 1) SFP transceiver supports the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in SFP MSA: in which defines a 256-byte memory map in EEPROM at 8 bit address 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface be assigned with 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h). Additionally, SFP transceivers provide a unique digital diagnostic monitoring interface (DDMI), which allows real-time access to product operating parameters such as transceiver supply voltage, transceiver temperature, transmitted optical power, laser bias current and received optical power. It also defines alarm and warning threshold, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of factory setting.
- 2) When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL, Mod Def 1) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data

from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA, Mod Def 2) is bi-Directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.





Digital Diagnostic Monitoring Specifications

- 1) Additionally, SFP transceivers TPC-xxxx-xxDCR*Note15 provide a unique digital diagnostic monitoring interface (DDMI) be assigned with 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h) as defined in SFP MSA, which allows real-time access to product operating parameters such as transceiver supply voltage, transceiver temperature, transmitted optical power, laser bias current and received optical power. It also defines alarm and warning threshold, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of factory setting.
- 2) Digital diagnostics for the TPC-xxxx-xxDCR are internally calibrated by default. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacturing.

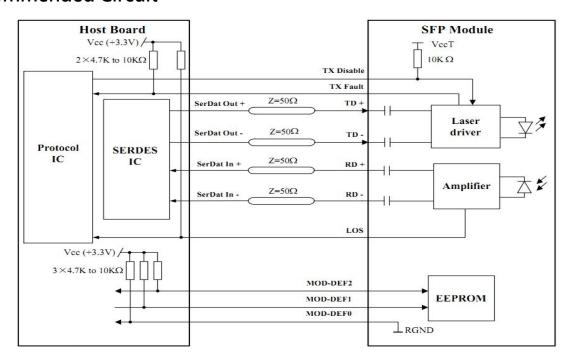
Monitor accuracy							
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units			
Internally measured transceiver temperature			±3	°C			
Internally measured transceiver supply voltage			±3%	V			
Measured TX bias current			±10	%			
Measured TX output power			±3	dB			
Measured RX received average optical power			±3	dB			

Dynamic range for operation

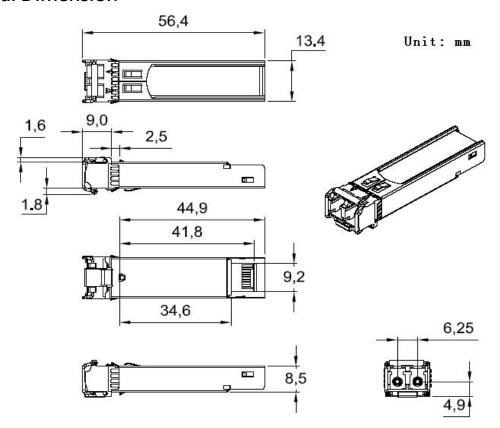
Parameter	H-Alarm	H-warning	L-Warnin	L- Alarm	Units	Note
			g			
Internally measured transceiver temperature	+80	+73	-3	-10	°C	
Internally measured transceiver supply voltage	3.63	3.47	3.13	2.97	V	
Measured TX bias current	100	90	10	5	mA	
Measured TX output power	Pout_max+3	Pout_max+2	Pout_min-2	Pout_min-3	dBm	
Measured RX received average optical power	Overload+3	Overload+2	P _{IN} -2	P _{IN} -3	dBm	

Note15: TPC-xxxx-xxxxR provides an EEPROM addressed 1010000X (A0h) as defined in SFP MSA, and only TPC-xxxx-xxDCR is compliant with digital diagnostic monitoring interface (DDMI) be assigned with 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h).

Recommended Circuit



Mechanical Dimension



Eye Safety

This single-mode transceiver is a Class 1 laser product. It complies with IEC-60825 and FDA 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11. The transceiver must be operated within the specified temperature and voltage limits. The optical ports of the module shall be terminated with an optical connector or with a dust plug.

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